

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

coagulation was noted at 140°C and complete coagulation occurring at 160°C
solid film took place at about 180°C - thermal auto-ignite rapidly at 200°C

Card 1/4

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

SKOPINTSEV, B.A.; KRYLOVA, L.N.

Optical properties of organic matter; the aqueous humus of
surface waters. Gidrokhim. mat. 24:22-23 '55. (MLRA 9:4)

1. Merskey gidrofizicheskiy institut Akademii nauk SSSR, g.
Leningrad.
(Water, Underground) (Water--Analysis)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

TEITTEL'BAUM, M.M., polkovnik med.slushby, kand.med.nauk; SHERSHEVER, S.M.,
polkovnik meditsinskoy slushby, kand.med.nauk; KRYLOVA, L.P.

Symptomatology of gastric and duodenal ulcer in young subjects.
Voen.-med.shur. no.2:77-79 P '60. (MIRA 13:5)
(PEPTIC ULCER)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

CA

Oxidizing substances in the atmosphere of a building
freshly painted with oil paint. T. V. D'yshko and L. P.
Krylova. *Gigiena i Sanit.* 1949, No. 3, 49. --The source
of the oxidizing substance is the turpentine used in paint
formulations and probably is a peroxide formed on contact
with air.
G. M. Kowalewski

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

SKOPINTSEV, B.A.; KRYLOVA, L.P.

Results of studying some problems of the dynamics of organic material in natural waters. Trudy Gidrobiol. ob-va no.6:38-45 '55. (MLRA 8:9)

1. Kontrol'naya laboratoriya 4-go Upravleniya Ministerstva zdravo-
okhraneniya SSSR
(Fresh-water biology)

SKOPINTSEV, B.A.; KRYLOVA, L.P.

Optical properties of the organic matter, water humus, of terrigenous surface waters. Gidrokhim. mat. 23:31-35 '55. (MLRA 9:2)

1. Sanitarnaya latoratoriya 4-go upravleniya Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR.
(Limnology) (Humus)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

KRYLOVA, L. P.

USSR/Cosmochemistry - Geochemistry. Hydrochemistry, D

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 19, 1956, 61350

Author: Skopintsev, B. A., Krylova, L. P.

Institution: None

Title: Removal of Organic Matter by the Largest Rivers of the Soviet Union

Original
Periodical: Dokl. AN SSSR, 1955, 105, No 4, 770-773

Abstract: On the basis of monthly data of oxidability taking into account water discharge of river and by means of values of ratio of oxygen of permanganate oxidability in acid medium, to organic C, there has been computed outflow of organic matter at the given point of river, for each month and summatively for the year, in the rivers Sev. Dvina, Neva, Dnepr, Don, Kuban, Volga, Kura, Lena, Ob'. Magnitude of outflow of organic matter is determined by amount of water discharge of river and physiogeographic conditions of its basin. In the case of plain river basins of the zone of excessive humidification, highest concentration of organic matter is

Card 1/2

USSR/Cosmochemistry - Geochemistry. Hydrochemistry, D

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 19, 1956, 61350

Abstract: characteristic (Sev. Dvina, Dnepr, Volga, Ob'); in the water of these rivers the major portion of organic matter is in dissolved state. A high content of organic matter can be found during the periods of high water also in rivers that carry much suspended material in which is included most of the organic matter (Kuban, Kura). Yearly outflow of organic matter in relation to the water outflow amounts to 1.0-4.0. $10^{-3}\%$, in relation to mean perennial outflow of mineral salts varies from 4-5 (Don, Kuban) up to 40-50% (Neva, Ob').

Card 2/2

KRYLOVA, L.P.

Determining carbon in organic matter of natural waters by the
method of dry burning. Gidrokhim, mat. 26:237-242 '57. (MLRA 10:8)

1. Sanitarnaya laboratoriya Chetvertogo Upravleniya Minzdrava SSSR.
(Carbon) (Water--Analysis) (Organic matter)

[Handwritten]
KRYLOVA, L.P.: Master Chem Sci (diss) -- "The organic substance of river and lake
waters and some of its properties". "Novocherkassk, 1958. 14 pp (Acad Sci USSR,
Hydrochemical Inst), 110 copies (KL, No 1, 1959, 11th)

KRYLOVA, L.P.; SKOPINTSEV, B.A.

Amount of organic carbon in river and lake waters of the Moscow
area and large rivers of the Soviet Union. Gidrokhim.-st. 28:28-44
'59. (MIRA 12:9)

1. Laboratoriya sanitarno-epidemiologicheskoy stantsii Chatvertogo
glavnogo uredeniya pri Ministerstve zdravookhraneniya SSSR,
g.Moskva.
(Carbon) (Water--Composition) (Limnology)

PART I BOOK EXPLOITATION

Sov/5374

Academija nauk SSSR. Gidrokhimicheskiy Institut
Gidrokhimicheskiye materialy t. XXX [Hydrochemical substances], v.30)
Moscow, Izd-vo Akademiya Nauk SSSR, 1960. 213 p. Errata slip inserted.
2,000 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: Akademija nauk SSSR. Gidrokhimicheskiy Institut
(Novosibirsk).

Editorial Board (Title page): N. V. O. A. Alekin, N. V. O. A. Alekin, N. V.
Veselovskiy, Deputy Resp. Ed. V. G. Astakov, G. S. Kozhevnikov,
N. I. Krivonosov, P. A. Krylov, Resp. Secretary and E. O. Lazarov. Ed. of Publishing House: D. M. Trifonov. Tech. Ed.:
I. F. Borodina.

Purpose: This publication is intended for hydrologists, hydrochemists,
and hydrogeologists.

Content: This is a collection of 22 articles on the hydrochemistry
of rivers and water bodies in the USSR. The authors discuss
pollution, spectrographic methods of determining the content of
microelements in water, and the content and discharge of ions,
as well as chemical, nitrogen, and organic substances.
A map showing the distribution of the ionic discharge of rivers
in the USSR is the most complete to appear in print to date.
In the USSR is the most complete to appear in print to date.
References are mentioned. Each article is accompanied by
references.

Hydrochemical Substances

- Korlin, A. M., and L. I. Radchenko [Institut Giprorezonoff]
[Kuibyshev-Institute of the State Institute for the Design and
Planning of Petroleum Industry Establishments in the Eastern
Regions, Kuibyshev]. Gases in the Waters of Petroleum Deposits
in the Karpatskaya Oblast. 156
- Dobrov, M. Ya. [Vsesoyuznyj nauchno-issledovatel'skiy inizi-
tat Ekologicheskij i inzhenernoj geologii, Moscow - All Union
Scientific Research Institute of Hydrology and Geoengineering
Geology, Novosibirsk]. Determining Organic Nitrogen in Water Con-
taining Large Amounts of Mineral Nitrogen by Means of the
Kleidal Microbalance. 164
- Klapov, I. F., and V. Ya. Yeremenko [Hydrochemical Institute
of USSR]. Toward a Spectrographic Determination of Micro-
elements in Natural Waters. Report II. Extraction With
Oxyfruran. 170
- Klapov, I. F., and V. Ya. Yeremenko [Hydrochemical Institute
of USSR]. On the Spectrographic Determination of Micro-
elements in Natural Waters. Report III. Extraction With
6-Nitroquinoline (On-line). 175
- Mitalevich, N. P., and Ye. S. Mazarevich [Institut
geologicheskich nauk AN SSSR, Kiev - Institute of
Geological Sciences AS USSR, Kiev]. Determining
Certain Rare Elements in Natural Waters. 177
- Kagan, Yu. A., and Ye. A. Mel'ler [Beloruskiy
Bashkirsky Institute, Minsk - Belarusian Military
Engineering Institute, Minsk]. The influence of
Investigating Organic Matter in Underground Waters
Sivcov, T. M. [Belorussian Sanitary Engineering Insti-
tute, Minsk]. On Methods of Determining Dichromate
Oxidizability of Pure and Polluted Water. 181
- Drahko, M. V., and B. P. Izotova [Vodnaya laboratoriya
Sankt-Peterburgskogo Universiteta Stavropole Stavropol'skogo
Ministerstva gospopravleniya SSSR, Moscow - Water Tech-
nical Laboratory of the Scientific Administration and Exploita-
tion of the Fourth Main Administration of the
Ministry of Health USSR, Moscow]. Changes in the Con-
tent of Organic Matter in Samples of River Water After
Prolonged Storage. 185
- Role for Authors. 212

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

DYSHKO, T. V.; KRYLOVA, L. P.

Changes in the concentration of organic matter in samples of
river water during prolonged storage. Gidrokhim. mat. 30:198-
211 '60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Vodnaya laboratoriya Sanepidstantsii Chetvertogo glavnogo
upravleniya pri Ministerstve zdravookhraneniya SSSR, Moskva.
(Water--Composition) (Organic matter)

KOZLOV, K.D.; prinnimali uchastiye: ZAGORUYKO, K.Ye; ROZOVA, Z.I.; BULATETS-KAYA, T.P.; TREYSTER, F.Z.; SHCHUKINA, T.M.; ZAITSEVA, N.Ye.; KHYLOVA, L.S.; AMEL'YAN, G.Ye.; BAYDAKOV, N.N.; RYZHKOV, A.N., red.; ME-MESHKINA, L.I., tekhn. red.

[Economy of Sakhalin Province; statistical collection] Narodnoe khoziaistvo Sakhalinskoi oblasti; statisticheskii sbornik. Ushno-Sakhalinsk, Sakhalinskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1960. 103 p. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Sakhalin (Province) Statisticheskoye upravleniye. 2. Kollektiv rabotnikov Statisticheskogo upravleniya Sakhalinskoy oblasti (for all except Ryzhkov, Memeshkina). 3. Nachal'nik Statisticheskogo upravleniya Sakhalinskoy oblasti (for Kozlov)
(Sakhalin—Statistics)

MARGORINA, L.M.; BILIBIN, A.F. KRYLOVA, L.V.; EPSHTEYN, B.A.

Biological method for the identification of atypical bacteria
of the dysentery group. Zhur. mikrobiol., epid. i immun. 42
no.11:16-19 N '65. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Submitted December 9, 1964.

GVOZDEV, V.D.; BUBNOV, Yu.V.; KRYLOVA, L.V.

Experimental testing of fabric drying in a fluidized heat carrier.
Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; tekhn.tekst.prom. no.1:133-141 '63.
(MIRA 16:4)

1. Ivanovskiy khimiko-tehnologicheskiy institut.
(Textile fabrics—Drying) (Fluidization)

BARABANOV, V.F.; GONCHAROV, G.N.; KRYLOVA, L.Ya.; RAFAL'SON, M.B.

Evolution of fluorite crystal forms in the ore veins of the
Bukaka deposit. Zap. Vses. min. ob-va 92 no.3:316-322 '63.
(MIRA 17:9)

1. Kafedra mineralogii Leningradskogo universiteta.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

BELOV, O.V.; CHIIVANOV, I.A.; MARCHUK, E.N.; KRIVONIS, I.Ya.

Aerodynamic protection of reverberatory furnace roofs. Tsvet.
met. 38 no.2:24 F '65. (MIRA 18:3)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KRYLOVA, M., kand.med.nauk

Microbes against microbes. Znan.-sila 37 no.6:26-27 Je '62.
(MIRA 15:9)

(VACCINES)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

KRYLOVA, M., kand. med. nauk

Under the membrane of a bacteria. Znan.-sila 38 no.6:10-13
(MIRA 16:8)
Je '63.

(Bacteriophage)

KIRYLOVA M. B.

5-6

USSR/Human and Animal Morphology (Normal and Pathological). Reproductive System.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 16, 1958, 74403

Author : Krylova, M. B.

Inst : Molotov [Perm] Medical Institute.

Title : Histological Changes in the Mucous Membrane of the Uterus in Amenorrhea.

Orig Pub: Tr. Molotovsk. med. in-ta, 1957, vyp 27,
192-195

Abstract: No abstract.

Card : 1/1

KRYLOVA, M.B., dotsent; YEFIMOVA, N.S., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk

Malignant synovioma of the true pelvis simulating parametritis
during pregnancy. Akush. i gin. 33 no.1:117-120 Ja-F '57
(MLRA 10:4)

1. Iz kafedry akutsherstva i ginekologii (zav.-prof. N.P.
Lebedev) i kafedry patologicheskoy anatomi (zav.-dektor
meditsinskikh nauk F.M. Khiletskaya) Molotevskogo meditsinskego
instituta.

- (SYNOVIOMA, case reports
true pelvis, differ. diag. from parametritis during
pregn.) (Rus)
(PELVIS, neoplasms
synovioma, differ. diag. from parametritis during
pregn.) (Rus)
(UTERUS, dis.
parametritis, differ. diag. from synovioma of
true pelvis during pregn.) (Rus)

KRYLOVA, Margarita Dmitriyevna, kand. med. nauk; SOROKO, Ya.I., red.;
RAKITIN, I.T., tekhn. red.

[Satellites of the invisible; stories about the bacteriophage]
Sputniki nevidimykh; rasskazy o bakteriofage. Moskva, Izd-vo
"Znanie," 1963. 31 p. (Novoe v zhizni, nauke, tekhnike.
VIII Seriya: Biologija i meditsina, no.7) (MIRA 16:4)
(BACTERIOPHAGE)

KRYLOVA, M. D.

"Adaptation Capacity of Typhoid Fever Bacteriophages." Sub 29 Aug 51,
First Moscow Order of Lenin Medical Inst.

Dissertations presented for science and engineering degrees in Moscow
during 1951.

SO: Sum. No. 480, 9 May 55.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KRYLOVA, M.D.; KATS-CHERNOKHVOSTOVA, L.Ya., professor, zaveduyushchiy.

Latent phages. Zhur.mikrobiol,epid.i immun. no.9:31-34 S '53. (MIRA 6:11)

1. Kafedra epidemiologii I Moskovskogo ordena Lenina meditsinskogo instituta.
(Phagocytosis)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

KRYLOVA, M.D.

Adaptation capacity of typical *Eberthella typhosa* Vi-phages.
Zhur.mikrobiol.epid.i immun. no.2:12-16 F '54. (MLRA 7:3)

1. Iz kafedry epidemiologii (zaveduyushchiy - professor L.Ya. Kate-Chernokhvostova) I Moskovskogo ordena Lenina meditsinskogo instituta. (*Eberthella typhosa*) (Bacteriophage)

KRYLOVA, M. D.

KRYLOVA, M. D. -- "Clinical-Experimental Basis for the Use of Penicillin-Novocaine Infiltration to Treat Panaritia." Riga, 1955. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Medical Sciences).

So: Knizhnaya letopis', No 8, 1956, pp 97-103

Acad. Sci. LatSSR

Inst. Experimental Med.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

REF ID: A6520

KRYLOVA, M.D., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk

Bacteriophage. Zdorov'e 2 no.11:18-19 N '56.
(BACTERIOPHAGE)

(MLRA 10:1)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

KRYLOVA, M.D.

Improvement of the typhoid fever bacteriophage. Zhur. mikrobiol.
epid. i immun. 27 no.2:63-64 p. 56. (MIRA 9:5)

1. Is kafedry epidemiologii i Moskovskogo ordena Lenina
meditsinskogo instituta.
(BACTERIOPHAGE) (TYPHOID FEVER--PREVENTIVE INOCULATION)

KRYLOVA, M.D.; GOYMAN, I.L.; BERLIN, M.N.; TSBYTLIN, N.A.

Production of typhoid type phages Vi-II on serum media. Zar.
mikrobiol., epidem. i immun. 27 no.3:39-41 Mr' 56. (MLRA 9:7)

1. Iz kafedry epidemiologii I Moskovskogo ordena Lenina meditsinskogo instituta.

(SALMONELLA TYPHOA,

bacteriophage Vi-II (Rns))

(BACTERIOPHAGE,
of Salmonella typhosa, Vi-II (Rns))

E

Country : USSR
Category: Virology. Bacterial Virusus (Phages)

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 23, 1958, No 103484

Author : Krylova, M.D.

Inst : -
Title : Adaptive and Protective Properties of Standard Typhoid
Vi-II Phages.

Orig Pub: So. Balteriofagiyc. Tbilisi. Grumadziz, 1957, 139-143.

Abstract: Eighteen standard Vi-II phages adapted themselves fairly well in vitro to 18 heterologous strains with different antigenic structures. Of the 306 combinations of phages and strains studied adaptation occurred in only 65 o/o. Experiments on adaptation in vivo in mice showed that under these conditions the adaptation process is less

Card : 1/2

Country : USSR

Category: Virology. Bacterial Viruses (Phages)

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 23, 1958, No 103484

E

constant and usually occurs in a delayed manner. Among the cultures to which all the phages adapted themselves in the in vitro experiments were phagotypes Λ, C, F₁₅ and H; the majority of phages did not adapt to phagotypes E₂, Z₁, Z₂, N and O. In in vitro experiments a good and rapid adaptation was observed in standard phages F₁, F₂, Z₁, E₂ and D₄ with respect to the phagotype C, which belongs in this group. Rapid (several hours after the administration) adaptation to strains C, G, F₂ and Z₁ in the bodies of mice was observed in the case of phage Λ, which was preserved in the body for six to seven days. --- Ya. I. Reutenshteyn.

Card : 2/2

19

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KRYLOVA, M.D., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk

Small negligences cause great disasters. Zdorov'e 3 no.9:26-28
g '57. (MLRA 10:9)
(FOOD POISONING)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KRYLOVA, M.D., kand.med.nauk

Anthony van Leeuwenhoek. Zdrov'e 3 no.10:25-27 O '57. (MIRA 10:11)
(LEEUWENHOEK, ANTHONY VAN, 1632-1723)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

KRYL~A, M.D.

On S.I. Grishin's article "Criticism of typing B. typhi abdominalis by VI-phages according to Craigie's method." Zhur. mikrobiol. epid. i immun 28 no.2:107-110 P '57
(MLRA 10:4)

1. Iz kafedry epidemiologii I Moskovskogo ordena Lenina meditsinskogo instituta.

(SALMONELLA TYPHOA

typing with VI-phages, Craigie's method)

(BACTERIOPHAGE

VI-phage typing of Salmonella typhosa, Craigie's method)

USSR / Virology. Bacterial Viruses. (Phages). E

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 2, 1959, 5247.

Author : Krylova, N. D.; Somina, N. A.; Styashkina, T. V.;
Chopkov, V. N.

Inst : Not given.

Title : Protective Properties of Typhoid Vi-Phage of
Type A and its Adaptation Capacity in the Or-
ganism of Mice.

Craig Pub: Zh. microbiologii, epidemiol, i immunobiol.,
1958, No 4, 41-47.

Abstract: Mice were inoculated intraperitoneally with 1
dl of a 4-hour broth-culture of typhoid and
20-30 min. thereafter 0.001 ml of type A Vi-
phage was introduced. Ten cultures heterolo-
gous to phage Type A were used in the tests.

Card 1/2

USSR / Virology. Bacterial Viruses. (Phages). CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 2, 1959, 5247.

Abstract: Phage A had a high protective effect in respect
of eight of these, which is apparently connected
with its high degree of adaptability to heterolo-
gous strains. -- Ya. I. Rautenshteyn.

Card 2/2

KRYLOVA, M.D., kand.med.nauk

Can infectious diseases be transmitted through books? Zdorov'e
4 no.6:30 Je '58 (MIRA 11:6)
(COMMUNICABLE DISEASES)
(BOOKS--HYGIENIC ASPECTS)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KRYLOVA, M.D., kand.med.nauk

Disease is beginning to retreat. Zdorov'e 4 no. 816-7 Ag '58
(MIRA 11:7)
(DYSENTERY)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

KRYLOVA, M.D.; SEMINA, N.A.; STYAZHKINA, T.V.; CHEPKOV, V.N.

Protective properties of the Vi type phage of *Salmonella typhosa* in its adaptation capacity in the mouse organism. *Zhur. mikrobiol. epid. i immun.* 29 no.4:41-47 Ap '58. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Iz kafedry epidemiologii I Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni Sechenova.

(BACTERIOPHAGE,

of *Salmonella typhosa*, protective properties & adaptation capacity in mouse (Rus)

(SALMONELLA TYPHOSE,

bacteriophage, protective properties & adaptation capacity in mouse (Rus)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KRYLOVA, M.D., kand.med.nauk

New facts about an old disease. Zdorov'e 5 no.6:12-13
Ja '59. (MIRA 12:11)
(ESCHERICHIA COLI)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KRYLOVA, M.D., kand.med.nauk

Your child's enemies. Adorov'e 6 no. 5:18-19 My '60.

(MIRA 13:6)

(INTESTINES--DISEASES)
(INFANTS--CARE AND HYGIENE)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KRYLOVA, M.D., kand.med.nauk

Bacteriophage. Zdorov'e 6 no.9:9.11 S '60.
(BACTERIOPHAGE)

(MIRA 13:8)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

GOL'DFARB, David Moiseyevich. Prinimali uchastiye: YERSHOV, F.I.,
kand. med. nauk; KRYLOVA, M.D., kand. med. nauk; TIMAKOV,
V.D., prof., red.; PARVES, Ya.A., red.; ZAKHAROVA, A.I.,
tekhn. red.

[Bacteriophagy] Bakteriofagia. Pod red.i s predisl. V.D.
Timakova. Moskva, Medgiz, 1961. 297 p. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Deystvitel'nyy chlen Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR
(for Timakov).

(BACTERIOPHAGE)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

INCL., I.D., kind.mechanik

Bacteriophage, Luria 1 strain 26 no. 2:66 1 '61.
(I.D. 4:2)
(Bacteriophage)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

KRYLOVA, M.D.

Characteristics of enteropathogenic serological types of E.coli
recovered during intestinal diseases of infants in Noril'sk;
author's abstract. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid.i immun. 32 no.2:114-115
F '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Iz Moskovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta gigiyeny
i sanitarii imeni Erismana.
(NORIS'SK—ESCHERICHIA COLI)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KRYLOVA, M.D., kand.med.nauk

Fellow traveller of the invisibles. IUn. nat. no.6:18-19 Je
'62. (MIRA 15:8)
(BACTERIOPHAGE)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KRYLOVA, M. D., kand. med. nauk

Tularemia retreats. Zdorov'e 8 no.7:10-11 J1 '62.
(MIRA 15:7)

(TULAREMIA)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

KRYLOVA, M.D.

Sanitary index significance of citrate-assimilating varieties of
Escherichia coli. Zhur.mikrobiol., epid.i immun. 33 no.4:100-104
Ap '62. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Iz Moskovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta gigiyeny
imeni Erismana.

(ESCHERICHIA COLI) (CITRATES)

PICHKUR, Ivan Fedorovich; KIYLOVA, M.D., red.; BUKOVSKAYA, N.A.,
tekhn. red.

[Botkin's epidemic hepatitis; manual for subprofessional
medical personnel] Epidemicheskii hepatit Botkina; posobie
dlia srednikh meditsinskikh rabotnikov. Moskva, Medgiz,
1963. 61 p. (MIRA 16:12)

(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS)

KRYLOVA, Margarita Dmitriyevna; ZUYEV, V.A., red.; KUZ'MINA, N.S.,
tekhn. red.

[Phage typing of bacteria] Fagotipirovanie bakterii. Mo-
skva, Medgiz, 1963. 199 p. (MIRA 16:11)
(BACTERIOPHAGE)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KRYLOVA, M.D., kand.med. nauk

Prevention of brucellosis. Zdprov'e 9 no.5. ~~20-21 May 1963.~~
(MIRA 16:9)
(BRUCELLOSIS—PREVENTION)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

KRYLOVA, M.D.

Phage typing of typhoid fever bacteria; a review of literature.
Zhur. mikrobiol. epid. i imun. 33 no.10:135-139 O'62
(NIRA 17:4)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KRYLOVA, M.D.

Phage typing of paratyphoid bacteria B; review of literature.
Zhur. mikrobiol., epid. i imun. 41 no.3:129-135 Mr '64.

(MIA 17:11)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

KRYLOVA, M.D.

11-1-4/29

AUTHOR: Shabynin, L.I.

TITLE: The Genesis of South Yakutsk Iron Ore Deposits (O genезисе
yuzhno-yakutskikh zhelezorudnykh mestorozhdeniy)PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Geologicheskaya, 1958,
1, pp 43-61 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The article deals with the principal characteristics of geological structures and the composition of rocks and ore deposits of the South Yakutsk iron ore deposits, inclusive the complex boron-iron ores. The author reviews the various conceptions of the formation of these deposits, whereby the sedimentary-metamorphic genesis is being refuted, and the skarn character proven. There are no analogies in the USSR to the Pre-Cambrian South Yakutsk crystalline complex iron deposits of the Aldan shield. The questions of genesis of these deposits have been examined lately by several geologists, whereby the following 3 viewpoints were expressed:
1. The deposits are of the contact-metasomatic type (D.S. Korzhinskiy, L.I. Shabynin). 2. Mineral deposits are formed as a result of regional metamorphism of sediments with high iron and boron concentrations; only in some locations occurred a shifting of iron and boron (D.P. Serdyuchenko). 3. Iron

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The Genesis of South Yakutsk Iron Ore Deposits

11-1-4/29

ores and the surrounding calcareous-magnesium and magnesium rocks are formed as a result of regional metasomatic replacement of Pre-Cambrian rocks in connection with the erosion of potassium, magnesium and iron from the place of granitization and transfer into higher structural strata (N.G. Sudovikov, M.D. Krylova). The iron ore deposits of South Yakutsk can be subdivided into the following four territorial groups: 1. South-west - Nirichevskoye, Levo and Pravo Desovskoye deposits. 2. South - Sivaglinskoye, Pionerskoye and Komsmol'skoye deposits. 3. North and north-west - Yemel'dzhanskoye and Tsentral'no-Aldanskoye deposits. 4. South-east - Tayezhnoye, Magnetitovoye, Legliyerskoye and Tinskoye deposits. The majority of these deposits are found in crystal-line layers of the Fedorov formation. With regard to their genetic formation, mineral composition and skarns, all of these iron ore deposits are of the same type. A very characteristic property of the structure is the clearly discernable metasomatic zoning of the examined deposits. Mineral paragenesis of magnetic ores of the main phase (high temperatures) at South Yakutsk is uniform. With regard to ores, the author distinguishes between 2 types of paragenesis: 1. magnesium skarns formed in dolomites. 2. paragenesis occurring

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The Genesis of South Yakutsk Iron Ore Deposits

11-1-4/29

at the replacement of ores by rocks located close to skarns and skarned granites, magmatic crystalline formations and gneiss rocks. The author gives a detailed description of the chemical composition and the geological structure of rocks of these two groups. All geologists who have studied the Aldan shield agree that the most outstanding characteristic of rocks of this complex is the absence of changes of mineral composition caused by middle and low temperatures. In places, where such changes were found to have occurred, they were always the result of recent magmatism or processes of ore forming. The author disagrees with the conceptions of D.P. Serdyuchenko, who believes the Aldan deposits to be of sedimentary-metamorphic origin.

There are 1 figure, 6 photographs, 25 Russian, 1 Swedish, 2 Japanese, 1 German and 3 British references.

ASSOCIATION: Geologic Institute of Mineral Deposits, Petrography, Mineralogy and Geochemistry of the USSR Academy of Sciences, Moskva (Institut geologii rudnykh mestorozhdeniy, petrografii, mineralogii i geokhimii AN SSSR, Moskva)

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress
Card 3/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

DRUGOVA, G.M.; KLIMOV, L.V.; KRYLOVA, M.D.; MIKHAYLOV, D.A.; SUDOVIKOV, N.G.;
USHAKOVA, Z.G.

Pre-Cambrian geology of the Aldan mining region. Trudy Lab. geol.
dokem. no.8:5-331 '59. (MIRA 12:10)
(Aldan Plateau--Geology)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

SUDOVIKOV, N.G.; KRYLOVA, M.D.; KEYELOV, A.N.

Absolute age of the Archean rocks in the Aldan shield. Trudy Lab.
geol. dokem. no.9:61-67 '59. (MIRA 13:11)
(Aldan Plateau--Rocks) (Geological time)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

KRYLOVA, N.D.

Role of differential tectonic movements in the formation of Pre-Cambrian structures of the Aldan Plateau. Trudy Lab.geol dokem. no.9:223-245 '59. (MIRI 13:11)
(Aldan Plateau--Geology, Structural)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KRYLOVA, M.D.; KREYLOV, A.N.

Conglomerate-type rocks in the Archaean complex of the Aldan
Valley. Trudy lab.geol dokem. no.9:386-397 '59. (MIRA 13:11)
(Aldan Valley--Rocks)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KRYLOVA, M.D.

Formation of small structures at various stages of synkinetic
regional migmatization. Trudy lab. geol. dokem. no.11:130-141
'60. (MIRA 14:1)

(Aldan Plateau—Geology, Structural)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

KRYLOVA, M.D.

Origin of ancient Stanovoy granitoids. Geol. i geofiz. no.8:
29-40 '62. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Laboratoriya geologii dokembriya AN SSSR, Leningrad.
(Stanovoy Range--Petrology)

SUDOVIKOV, N.G.; DRUGOVA, G.M.; KRYLOVA, M.D.; MIKHAYLOV, D.A.

Tectonic pattern of Archean formations in the Aldan mining
region. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser.geol. 27 no.11:95-100 N '62.

(MIRA 15:12)

1. Laboratoriya geologii dokembriya AN SSSR, Leningrad.
(Aldan Plateau—Geology, Structural)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KAYAKA, H. S.

lower and upper boundaries of the Kachayay complex. Trig. tab.
geol. doc. no. 1941745-864
(GIRRA 17:8)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

SUDOVIKOV, Nikolay Georgiyevich, doktor geol.-miner. nauk;
GLEBOVITSKIY, Viktor Andreyevich; DRUGOVA, Galina
Mikhaylovna; KRYLOVA, Melitina Dmitriyevna; NEYELOV,
Aleksandr Nikolayevich; SELOVA, Irina Sergeyevna;

[Geology and petrology of the southern margin of the
Aldan Shield] Geologiya i petrologiya iuzhnogo obram-
leniya Aldanskogo shchita. [By] N.G.Sudovikov i dr.
Moskva, Nauka, 1965. 289 p. (MIRA 18;3)

SUDOVIKOV, N.V., doktor geol.-miner. nauk, sci. red.;
VELIKOSLAVINSKIY, D.A., kand. geol.-miner. nauk, sci. red.;
KRYLOVA, M.D., kand. geol.-miner. nauk, sci. red.; NETELOW,
A.N., kand. geol.-miner. nauk, sci. red.; SOKOLOV, YU.M.,
kand. geol.-miner. nauk, sci. red.

[Regional] metamorphism of Pre-ambrian formations in the
U.S.S.R. | Regional'nyi metamorfizm drevnykh formacii
SSSR. Minsk, Nauka, 1986. 147 p. GMKA 18;10

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR - Laboratoriya geologii i zemlebyani.

KRYLOVA, M.G., dotsent; NAKORYAKOV, N.K., dotsent; DACHEVSKIY, A.D., kand.
med. nauk (Perm')

History of the clinic of obstetrics and gynecology of the Perm
Medical Institute (1920-1962). Trudy Perm. gos. med. inst. 43:
128-135 '64. (MIRA 17:6)

Cat

Determination of arsenic by electrolysis. M. J. Key
J. Am. Powder Ind. Lab. 8, No. 10-11, 1943-4 (1944).
Chem. Referat. Zhar. 1940, No. 5, 81-2 -- The procedure
for the electrolytic determination of arsenic is modified. A collodium
film is used instead of the parchment diaphragm of the
Caldwell and Parry app. (Analyst 65, 90 (1939)). Arsenic is
absorbed by strips of paper moistened with HgBr₂. The
current strength is 0.6-0.7 amp. at 6 v. No reduction of
H₂SO₄ to H₂S takes place. Food products are first mineralized
with H₂SO₄ and HNO₃ but all HNO₃ must be removed.
Better results are obtained by this procedure than
by that of Dark et al.

W. R. Henn

7

0 A

12

Sanitary evaluation of aluminum as material for canned-food containers. M. I. Krylova. *Voprosy Metalurgii* 9, No. 6, 50-55(1940); *Chem-Zeits.* 1941, II, 2161.—Al plate contg. 0.8% Pb, 0.4% Fe, traces of Cu and no Zn showed corrosion after 7-30 months of contact with various foods at pH < 8.8. Canned fish, meat and dairy products affected the Al, especially in the presence of fat, very slightly. Canned fruit and tomato mush attacked the Al considerably, with progressive accumulation of Al in the food and decreasing bacterium. After 11 months the cans were inflated, but the contents remained germ-free. Control tests, with incubation at 87° for 7 days, confirmed these findings. Thus, Al is suitable as a container only for canned milk, meat, vegetables and oil-containing foods.
T. Jaeger

ALUMINUM METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

co

PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES NOTE

A potentiometric determination of the total acidity of beverages. M. I. Korytov. *Lab. Prakt.* (U. S. S. R.) 19, No. 7-8, 25-8 (1940).—In order to provide a method more rapid and more accurate than the standard method for determination of acidity of liquids by means of phenolphthalein, the potentiometric method of Evstignevev was examined. The app. is illustrated. The required reagents are 0.01 N NaOH, a satd. soln. of KCl, quinhydrone and a 1% soln. of phenolphthalein. The accuracy of the method was verified with pure solns. of org. acids, with solns. of acid in the presence of phosphates, sugar and amaranth, and with beverages. Evstignevev's app. for potentiometric titration is simple. The prep. of the comparison electrode with a definite pH by back-titrating the satd. KCl soln. with phenolphthalein is convenient. In titration of org. acids in the presence of P_2O_5 , it is necessary to prep. new comparison electrode for each titration. The method is more accurate for colored solns. than the standard method.
W. R. Head

A.I.D.-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

KRYLOVA, M.I.; ORLOV, N.I., redaktor; SACHEVA, A.I., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Sanitary chemistry methods of analysing foodstuffs in connection
with food poisoning] Metody sanitarno-khimicheskikh issledovaniy
produktov pri pishchavykh otravleniakh. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo med.
lit-ry, 1954. 102 p.

(MLRA 7:8)

(Sanitary chemistry) (Food--Analysis)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

USSRVA,

The Methods of Sanitary-Chemical tests of products in the case of Food Poisoning, 1954.
Voyenno-Meditsinskiy Zhurnal, no 1, p 96, 1955.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

AID P - 3746

Subject : USSR/Chemistry

Card 1/1 Pub. 152 - 10/22

Authors : Poray-Koshits, A. Ye., B. A. Poray-Koshits, L. S. Efros,
M. I. Krylova, D. A. Luvshits, K. Yu. Mar'yanovskaya
I. P. AlekSandrova, and K. E. Ul'man

Title : Synthesis of some aromatic amines with trifluoromethyl
groups and study of them as products for ice dyeing

Periodical : Zhur. prikl. khim. 28, 9, 969-975, 1955

Abstract : The preparation of benzotrichloride and benzotrifluoride
and the nitration of benzotridluorides are described in
detail. 16 references, 6 Russian (1863-1950).

Institution : None

Submitted : D 25, 1953

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 17 Vol 5/8 Public Health Aug 59

2282. FLUORINE METABOLISM IN THE BODY (Russian text) - Krylova, M. I.,
and Gnoevaya, V. A. Erisman Publ. Hlth Res. Inst., Moscow - VOPR.
PIT, 1956, 15/4 (37-41) Tables 4

One group of rats was kept on a diet containing a solution of an inorganic fluorine preparation, while another received food naturally rich in fluorine (beef-tea). The fluorine balance in both groups was practically the same. The amount of fluorine excreted either in the faeces or in the urine depended on the amount of calcium in the food. Rats which received an additional amount of calcium in their food excreted more fluorine in the faeces than in the urine, and those which did not receive extra calcium excreted more fluorine in the urine. The elimination of fluorine from the body was very slow. Rats which were given fluorine 5 mg./kg. body weight for 3 weeks excreted an increased amount of fluorine for 7 weeks after again being put on a fluorine-free diet. A similar observation was made on humans who received either inorganic fluorine preparations or food naturally rich in fluorine. The calcium-phosphorus ratio in both groups was positive, and there was no appreciable difference in the output of fluorine between people who received fluorine in food and those who received it in inorganic preparations. Thus, whenever the problem of fluorosis and dental caries arises, not only the drinking water but also nutritional products should be taken into consideration as possible sources of fluorine. In addition, as apparently the urinary and faecal excretions are dependent on the amount of calcium in the food, a suitable diet in case of a local endemic of fluorosis, especially among children, assumes a significant role.

References 4.

Krymskii - Moscow (S)

1. Iz Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo sanitarnogo instituta imeni Erismana, Moskva.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec. 17 Vol. 3/ii Public health Nov. 57

3554. KRILOVA M. I. Sanit. Inst. of Erisman, Moscow. "The residual arsenic in vegetable food after the use in farming of arsenical insecticides (Russian text) VOPR. PITANIYA, 1956, 15/6 (39-42) Tables 1

The residual arsenic was determined in vegetables, fruit and berries from orchards and gardens, where arsenical insecticides were used. The results showed an increased content of arsenic in these plants, as compared with control samples. The content of arsenic in the skin of fruit ranged from a trace to 0.27 mg./kg. of the raw substance, and in the pulp, from a trace to 0.06 mg. kg.; but practically all arsenic may be eliminated by peeling the fruit. There were considerable variations in the arsenic content of specimens of the same species. In pears, it was from 0.01 to 0.04 mg. kg., in apples from a trace to 0.07 mg./kg. The highest content of arsenic was found in white currants - 0.8 mg./kg. If it is assumed that 1 kg. of white currants represents the maximal quantity which can be eaten at one time, the intake of arsenic would in that case be less than 0.3 mg. or 8 times less than a therapeutic dose and 25 times less than a minimal toxic dose. It is concluded, that vegetables and fruit from gardens where arsenical insecticides are used, do not endanger the consumer. However, there is a possibility that the concentration of insecticides, the time of their use and their unequal spreading, may require the determination of the maximal content of the arsenic in the vegetables and fruit. It should be not more than 0.5 mg. of arsenic per 1 kg. of the raw product.

KRYLOVA, M.I.; GOYEVAYA, V.L.; SRIBNMR, N.A.

Effect of the type of diet on fluorosis morbidity. Vop.pit. 16
no.1:48-52 Ja-Y '57. (MLRA 10:3)

1. Iz otdeleniya gigiyeny pitaniya (zaveduyushchiy - professor
N.I.Orlov) Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta
imeni Brieman'a, Moskva.

(FLUORINM, pris.

fluorosis, exper., relation to calcium intake in rats
(Rus))

(CALCIUM, metab.

intake, relation to develop. of exper. fluorosis in rats
(Rus))

79-2-29/58

AUTHORS: Ginzburg, O. F.; Poray-Koshits, B. A.; Krylova, M. I.; Lotareychik, S. M.

TITLE: Synthesis of Benzimidazole Compounds Containing Bis-(Beta-Ethyl Chloride)-Amino Group (Sintez benzimidazol'nykh soyedineniy soderzhashchikh bis-(beta-khloretil)-aminogruppu).

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal Obshchey Khimii, 1957, vol 27, No 2, pp. 411-414 (U.S.S.R.)

ABSTRACT: Investigation was made to determine the physiological activity of substances in which the bis-(beta-ethyl chloride)-amino group is bound with the benzimidazole grouping. It was established that the physiological activity of such compounds depends to a large extent upon the nature of the radicals in the compounds. 2-bis-(beta-ethyl chloride)-aminomethylbenzimidazole and 1-beta-ethyl chloride-2-bis(beta-ethyl chloride)-aminomethylbenzimidazole respectively were synthesized from 2-bis-(beta-oxethyl)-aminomethylbenzimidazole and 1-beta-oxethyl-2-bis-(beta-oxethyl)-aminomethylbenzimidazole during reaction with thionyl chloride. It is explained that the latter two compounds can be derived as a result of condensation of diethanolamine with 2-chloromethylbenzimidazole and 1-beta-oxethyl-2-chloromethylbenzimidazole. The condensation of 2-

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79-2-29/58

Synthesis of Benzimidazole Compounds Containing Bis-(Beta-Ethyl Chloride)-Amino Group.

chloromethylbenzimidazole with diethanolamine was realized in an acetone medium in presence of sodium acetate or by heating the 2-chloromethylbenzimidazole in a surplus of diethanolamine.

No references.

ASSOCIATION: Leningrad Technological Institute imeni Lensoveta

PRESENTED BY:

SUBMITTED: February 24, 1956

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

GINZBURG, O.P.; PORAY-KOSHITS, B.A.; KHYLOVA, M.I.; MAR'YANOVSKAYA, E.YU.

Synthesis of 5,6-dimethyl-2-bis (β -chloroethyl) aminomethyl-benzimidazole. Khim.nauka i prom. 4 no.4:548-549 '59.
(MIRA 13:8)

1. Leningradskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut imeni Lensoveta.
(Benzimidazole)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

GNOYEVAYA, V.L.; KHYLOVA, N.I.; MUSSKIKH, V.V.

Evaluation of the new insecticide methyleethylthiophos with special reference to food hygiene. Gig. i san. 24 no.5:34-38 My '59. (MIRA 12:7)

1. Iz Moskovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta sanitarii i igiyeny imeni V. V. Krasmana Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR.
(~~PHOSPHATES~~, toxicity,
methyleethylthiophos, animal studies (Rus))

KRYLOVA, M.I.

Definition of a hygienically normal arsenic content of grape wines.
Trudy VNIIIV "Maragach" 9:204-213 '60. (MIRA 13:11)
(Wine--Analysis) (Arsenic--Analysis)

KRYLOVA, M.I.

Use of iodine by the body in the presence of various quantities
of calcium and fluorine in the diet. Vop. pit. 20 no.6:45-48
(MIRA 15:6)
N-D '61.

1. Iz Moskovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta gigiyeny
imeni F.F. Erismana.

(IODINE METABOLISM) (CALCIUM IN THE BODY)
(FLUORINE IN THE BODY)

KRYLOVA, M.I., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Determination of iodine in sea kale and in confectioneries
containing sea kale. Gig. i san. 28 no.1:48-53 Ja'63.
(MIRA 16:7)
1. Iz Moskovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta gigiyeny
imeni F.F.Erismana.
(IODINE) (KALE) (FOOD--ANALYSIS)

KRYLOVA, M.I.

Male sterility of flowers in onions (variety "Markovskii,
improved"). Bot. zhur. 49 no.5:739-742 My '64. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Donetskaya ovoshche-kartofel'naya snytnaya stantsiya,
Donetsk.

BULDAKOV, Ye.I., KRYLOVA, M.I., BOZHENKOV, A.P.

Economic substantiation of the efficient length of a longwall by
the method of comparing variants. Nauch. trudy KNIIIT no. 141439-450
'64. (MIRA 1916)

KRYLOVA, M. N.

USSR/Pharmacology. Pharmacognosy. Toxicology - Local Anaesthetics. T-4

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Biologiya, No 16, 1957, 71700

Author : Krylova, M.N.

Inst :
Title : The Effect of Tecodine on the Electropotential Secretion
and The Periodic Activity of the Stomach.

Orig Pub : Tr. Turkm. Gos. Med. in-ta, 1955, 5-6, 353-361

Abstract : The tests were done on dogs with a stomach fistula by photographic registration of the electropotential fluctuations and the motility of the stomach. Simultaneously the stomach juices were examined every 15 minutes for acidity. Tecodine (I) in 0.03-0.05 mg/kg subcutaneous doses did not cause stomach secretion (SS) nor did it change the dynamics of the electropotential. In 0.075-0.3 doses I caused SS increase in the small stomach contractions, and also in the rhythmic acid fluctuations of the electropotential and its simultaneous lowering.

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Card 1/2

USSR/Pharmacology. Pharmacognosy. Toxicology - Local Anaesthetics. T-4

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Biologiya, No. 16, 1957, 71700

In 0.6-0.75 doses I produced increased SS, increase in motility and lowering of the electropotential. With doses of 5-17 mg/kg an intense SS, fall in electropotential, complete immobility of the stomach muscles were observed. 13-20 mg doses of I produced inhibition of SS and rise in the electropotential. In the author's opinion the change in the electropotential dynamics of the stomach produced by I, is similar to the effect of morphine.

Card 2/2

- 34 -

RAYON, K.S., and Pod. Set --(distr) "Scientific data on the comparative action of tetrodion and phrenolin [the drug] on the electric potential of ~~gastro-intestinal~~ ^{the nervous members of the stomach and intestines} motor and secretory functions." (Adm. Med., 1953, 19 pp. (Part 3) + M. Text in T.Y. trans), 200 copies (V1, 31-50, 111)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2

KAZACHKOVA, T.I.; KRYLOVA, M.N.

Use of electrogastrography in pharmacology. Farm. toks. 24 no.3:
372-376 My-Je '61. (MIR 15:1)

1. Kafedry farmakologii Turkmeneskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(ELECTROGASTROGRAPHY) (PHARMACOLOGY)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826830011-2"

SOV/138-59-4-25/26

AUTHOR: Krylova, N.

TITLE: Bulletin of the Moscow Tyre Factory (Byulleten' Mosk-
ovskogo shinnogo zavoda)

PERIODICAL: Kauchuk i Razina, 1959, Nr 4, pp 62 63 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: A short abstract is given of articles which appeared
in the January, 1959 edition of the above bulletin.

Card 1/1

STRAZDINA, P.F., kand. ekon. nauk, red.; KRYLOVA, N., red.; LEMBERGA, A.,
tekhn. red.

[Problems in developing the public dining system] Problemy raz-
vitiia obshchestvennogo pitaniia. Riga, Izd-vo Akad.nauk
Latviiskoi SSR, 1963. 122 p. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Latvijas Padomju Socialistiskas Republikas Zinatnu akademija.
Ekonomikas instituta. 2. Ministerstvo torgovli Latviyskoy SSR.
(for Strazdina).
(Latvia--Restaurants, lunchrooms, etc.)

CA

12

Now method for determining collagen in meat and
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CuSO₄, and N is added. In the ppt by Kjeldahl's method.
A Papineau Culture

416 LLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

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